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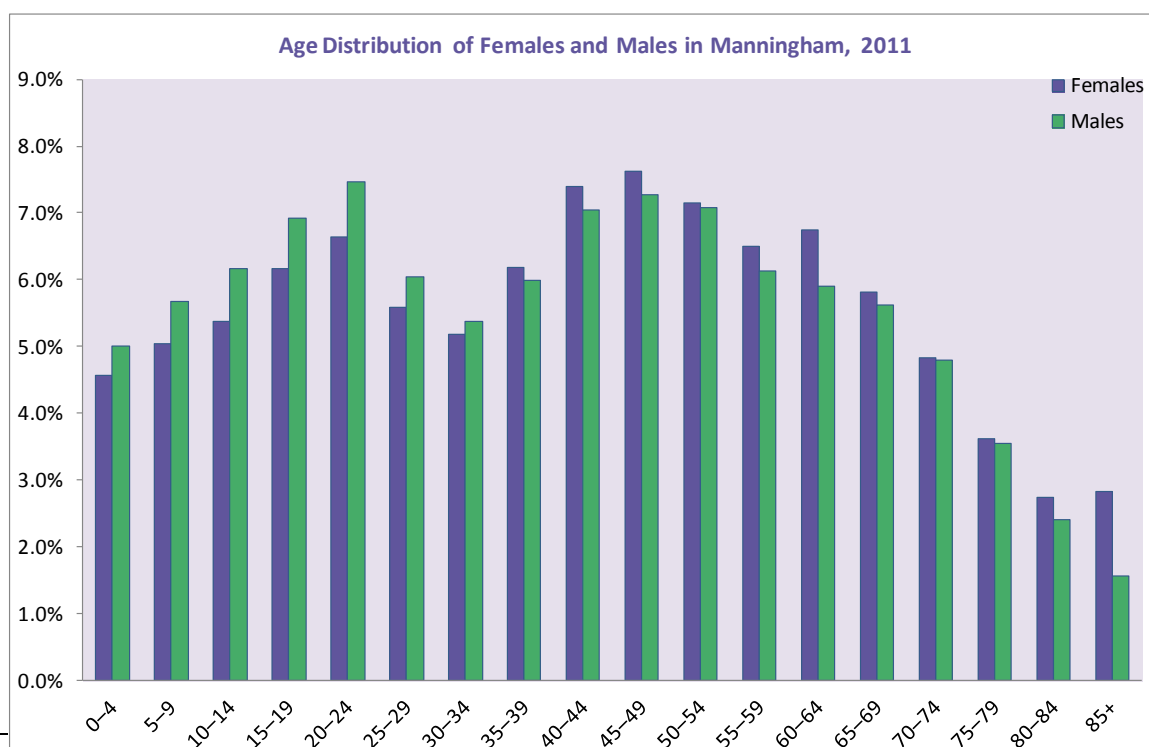
Women in the City of Manningham: Demographic facts and figures

1. Population and age distribution (2011)²

Age (Yrs)	Females		Males	
	No.	% Total	No.	% Total
0-4	2743	4.6%	2858	5.0%
5-9	3027	5.0%	3234	5.7%
10-14	3223	5.4%	3514	6.2%
15-19	3700	6.2%	3944	6.9%
20-24	3979	6.6%	4252	7.5%
25-29	3346	5.6%	3440	6.0%
30-34	3106	5.2%	3060	5.4%
35-39	3704	6.2%	3411	6.0%
40-44	4439	7.4%	4009	7.0%
45-49	4574	7.6%	4142	7.3%
50-54	4288	7.2%	4034	7.1%
55-59	3898	6.5%	3494	6.1%
60-64	4044	6.7%	3367	5.9%
65-69	3492	5.8%	3204	5.6%
70-74	2892	4.8%	2732	4.8%
75-79	2175	3.6%	2026	3.6%
80-84	1639	2.7%	1371	2.4%
85+	1701	2.8%	896	1.6%
Total	59970	100.0%	56988	100.0%

Current official population estimates show that females in Manningham comprise 51.3% of the population and males comprise 48.7%.

Across the age groups for females and males, there are higher proportions of females compared with males in the older years. This pattern in respective age distributions reflects the longer life expectancies of women and is consistent with Victorian and Australian trends. It also suggests specific approaches by health planners to support the health and wellbeing of women who generally live longer than men but can also experience higher rates of morbidities associated with the older years.



¹ Figures in this fact sheet have been compiled from sources including the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) census of *Population and Housing* conducted on 9 August 2011. Readers are asked to note the different Census products used throughout this fact sheet. It is also noted that percentages in tables might not add up to 100 because of rounding of decimal places.

² ABS *Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia 2009* Cat. No. 3235.0, Latest Issue Released 11.30 a.m. (Canberra time) 31/08/12, <http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/DetailsPage/3235.02009?OpenDocument>.

2. Indigenous and non-Indigenous status (2011)³

At the last Census, 77 females in Manningham identified as Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander (ATSI).

ATSI-identified females have a younger age profile compared with their non-ATSI counterparts, with relatively lower proportions aged 55 years and over. This pattern reflects the higher birth rates and lower life expectancies of the ATSI-identifying population generally.

Age (Yrs)	ATSI-identifying		Non-ATSI	
< 15	26	33.8%	8573	15.4%
15–24	12	15.6%	6910	12.4%
25–34	6	7.8%	5624	10.1%
35–44	9	11.7%	7694	13.9%
45–54	8	10.4%	8339	15.0%
55+	16	20.8%	18378	33.1%
Total	77	100.0%	55518	100.0%

3. Non-English Speaking Countries of birth (2011)⁴

The top ten non-English speaking (NES) countries of birth (COB) of females in Manningham are China, Italy, Malaysia, Greece, Hong Kong, India, Vietnam, Iran, Singapore and Taiwan. The proportions of Chinese-born, Italian-born, Malaysian-born, Greek-born and Hong Kong-born females in Manningham are higher than that of Greater Melbourne.

Females born in China, Malaysia, Hong Kong, India, Vietnam, Iran, Singapore and Taiwan reflect populations in their young to mid years, with relatively high proportions (> 50%) aged in the 25–44 and 45–55 years age groups. Females born in Italy and Greece are an older group, with relatively high proportions (> 80%) aged 55 years or more.

Top 10 NES COB Manningham			Top 10 NES COB Greater Melb		
	No.	% Total		No.	% Total
China	3634	6.3%	China	50752	2.5%
Italy	1786	3.1%	India	46264	2.3%
Malaysia	1739	3.0%	Vietnam	36449	1.8%
Greece	1650	2.9%	Italy	34809	1.7%
Hong Kong	1494	2.6%	Greece	25089	1.2%
India	637	1.1%	Sri Lanka	20890	1.0%
Vietnam	524	0.9%	Malaysia	20688	1.0%
Iran	518	0.9%	Philippines	20407	1.0%
Singapore	420	0.7%	Germany	11212	0.6%
Taiwan	382	0.7%	Hong Kong	9149	0.4%
Total females	57257	100.0%	Total females	2033479	100.0%

³ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on place of usual residence.

⁴ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Expanded Community Profile* Cat. No. 2005.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on place of usual residence.

Top 10 NES COB	0-4 Yrs	5-14 Yrs	15-24 Yrs	25-44 Yrs	45-54 Yrs	55-64 Yrs	65-74 Yrs	75-84 Yrs	85+ Yrs	Total No.
China	0.5%	3.2%	13.2%	35.1%	22.7%	12.1%	6.3%	4.8%	2.2%	3634
Italy	0.0%	0.5%	0.3%	1.6%	8.1%	27.5%	29.8%	25.0%	7.2%	1786
Malaysia	0.6%	6.2%	8.5%	31.3%	21.4%	21.0%	8.0%	2.2%	0.7%	1739
Greece	0.0%	0.5%	0.7%	4.2%	11.8%	24.0%	36.1%	19.2%	3.5%	1650
Hong Kong	0.4%	2.1%	11.3%	29.7%	27.5%	21.6%	4.8%	2.3%	0.3%	1494
India	1.1%	3.6%	7.4%	41.4%	15.4%	16.5%	9.3%	3.9%	1.4%	637
Vietnam	0.0%	1.7%	3.1%	38.4%	26.1%	19.8%	6.7%	2.5%	1.7%	524
Iran	0.6%	5.2%	9.3%	45.2%	22.2%	12.2%	4.2%	0.6%	0.6%	518
Singapore	0.7%	9.8%	14.5%	32.1%	18.6%	16.4%	5.7%	2.1%	0.0%	420
Taiwan	0.0%	2.4%	11.5%	41.9%	18.6%	22.3%	1.0%	0.8%	1.6%	382

4. Languages other than English and proficiency in spoken English (2011)⁵

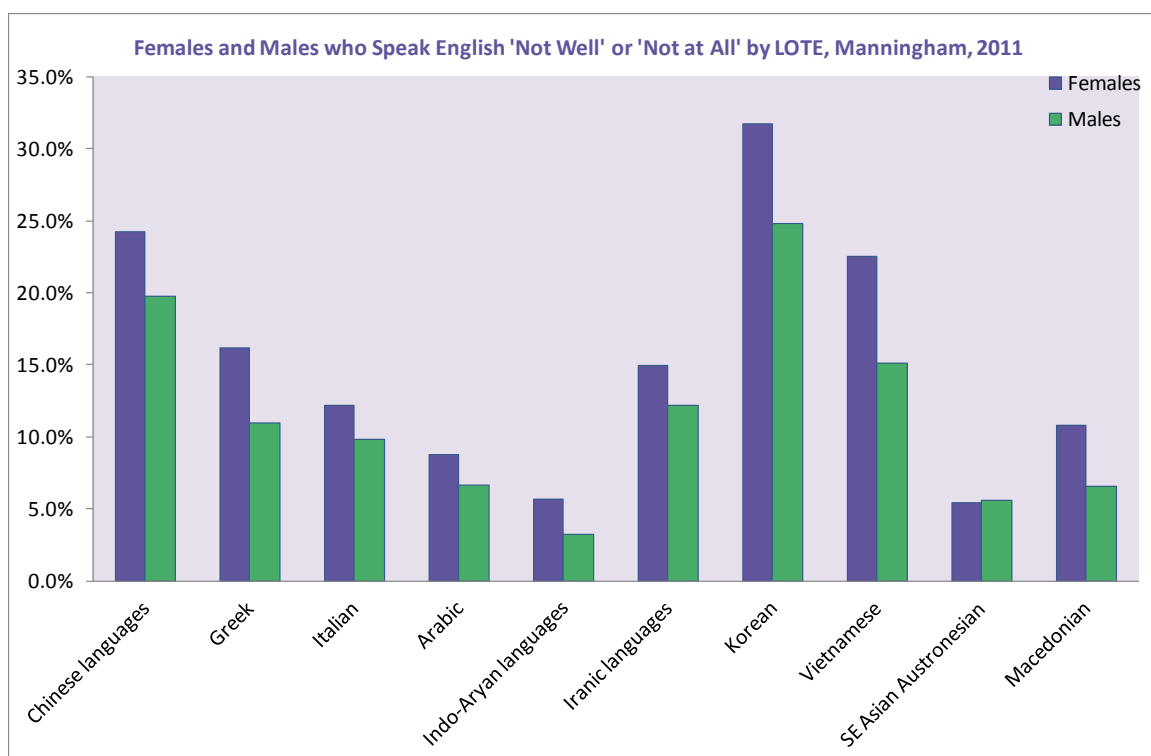
The top ten languages other than English (LOTE) spoken by females in Manningham are Chinese languages, Greek, Italian, Arabic, Indo-Aryan languages, Iranian languages, Korean, Vietnamese, Southeast Asian Austronesian languages and Macedonian.

Females with LOTE are generally less proficient in spoken English than males across the main LOTE. Languages for which this pattern is most striking are Korean and Vietnamese. It is critical that health planning ensures linguistically appropriate programs and services for women with LOTE.

Top 10 LOTE	No.	% Total
Chinese languages	8917	15.6%
Greek	4026	7.0%
Italian	3076	5.4%
Arabic	940	1.6%
Indo-Aryan languages	927	1.6%
Iranic languages	626	1.1%
Korean	386	0.7%
Vietnamese	369	0.6%
SE Asian Austronesian	351	0.6%
Macedonian	316	0.6%
Total females	57261	100.0%

LOTE	Speaks English very well or well		Speaks English not well, not at all		English proficiency not stated			Total No.	
	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	
Chinese languages	75.2%	79.8%	24.2%	19.8%	0.5%	0.5%	8918	7729	
Greek	83.1%	88.6%	16.2%	10.9%	0.6%	0.5%	4027	3836	
Italian	86.5%	88.8%	12.2%	9.8%	1.4%	1.4%	3074	2638	
Arabic	90.2%	92.5%	8.7%	6.6%	1.1%	0.9%	939	888	
Indo-Aryan languages	93.3%	96.1%	5.7%	3.2%	1.0%	0.6%	930	928	
Iranic languages	83.7%	86.7%	15.0%	12.2%	1.3%	1.1%	627	656	
Korean	67.5%	74.0%	31.7%	24.9%	0.8%	1.2%	388	338	
Vietnamese	76.4%	84.9%	22.6%	15.1%	1.1%	0.0%	368	311	
SE Asian Austronesian	94.6%	94.4%	5.4%	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%	352	249	
Macedonian	89.2%	93.5%	10.8%	6.5%	0.0%	0.0%	314	291	

⁵ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on place of usual residence. Chinese languages include Cantonese, Mandarin, 'other'. Indo-Aryan languages include Bengali, Hindi, Punjabi, Sinhalese, Urdu, 'other'. Southeast Asian Austronesian languages include Filipino, Indonesian, Tagalog, 'other'. Iranian languages include Dari, Persian (excluding Dari), 'other'.



5. Recent settlers (2007–2012)⁶

Figures for the five-year period, 1 July 2007 to 30 June 2012, show that female settlers in Manningham arriving through Australia's various migration streams have come from countries such as China, Malaysia, Iran, South Africa, India, United Kingdom, Korea (Republic of), Hong Kong, Sri Lanka and Singapore.

Of the total female settlers in Manningham for this time period, 41.5% came from China.

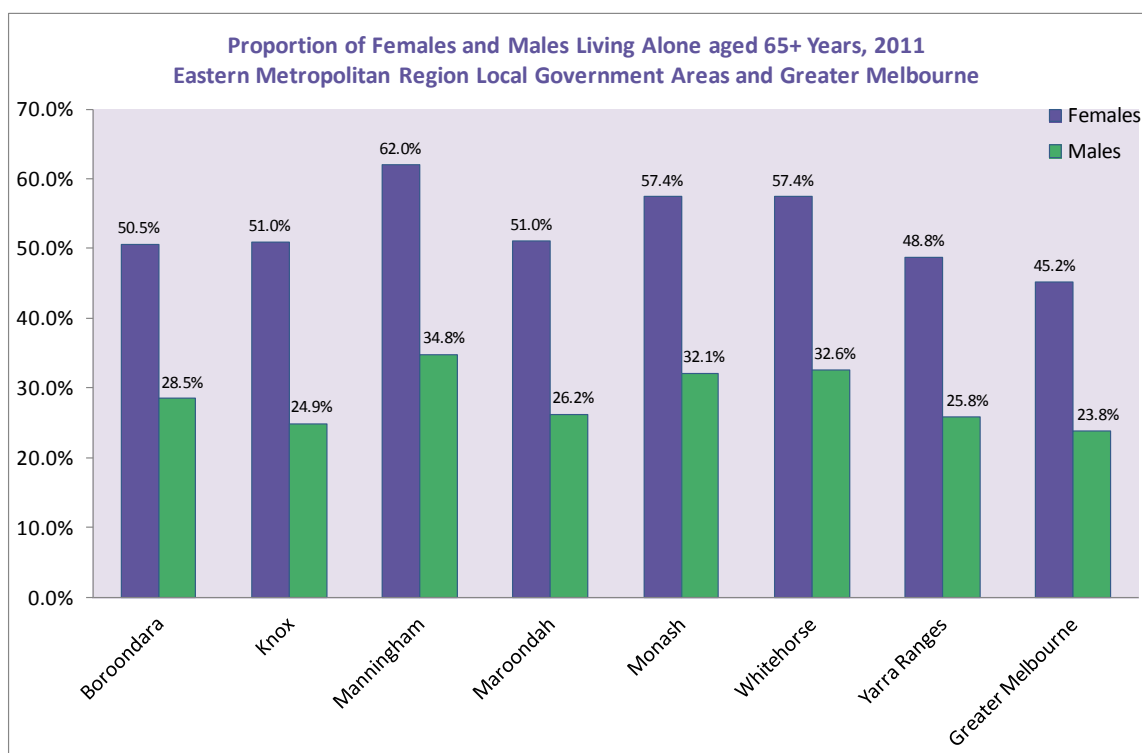
Recent female settlers		
Top 10 COB	No.	% Total
China	1216	41.5%
Malaysia	272	9.3%
Iran	219	7.5%
South Africa	145	5.0%
India	138	4.7%
United Kingdom	115	3.9%
Korea (Republic of)	105	3.6%
Hong Kong	73	2.5%
Sri Lanka	58	2.0%
Singapore	50	1.7%
Total female settlers	2929	100.0%

⁶ Department of Immigration and Citizenship, Settlement Reporting Facility, <http://www.immi.gov.au/settlement/>. Figures were extracted on 20/11/12. The Settlement Reporting Facility uses data that have been compiled from a number of different information sources within the Department and other Commonwealth agencies. Reports including numbers of settlers in specified locations may be inaccurate due to various limitations at the point of data capture including address data.

6. Lone-person households (2011)⁷

There are 6,772 lone-person households in Manningham, of which 63.1% are female occupied. Females in lone-person households have an older age profile than their male counterparts, with higher proportions aged 65+ years. This pattern is consistent with Greater Melbourne and the other local government areas of the Eastern Metropolitan Region. Health planners need to ensure that the needs of females living alone into their older years are met through appropriate programs and services in the local area.

	15–24 Yrs	25–34 Yrs	35–44 Yrs	45–54 Yrs	55–64 Yrs	65–74 Yrs	75–84 Yrs	85+ Yrs	Total No.
Females	2.0%	5.7%	7.2%	7.5%	15.7%	23.8%	26.3%	11.9%	4274
Males	4.5%	13.3%	16.2%	17.0%	14.3%	15.1%	13.5%	6.2%	2498



7. Lone-parent households (2011)⁸

There are 3,831 lone-parent households in Manningham, of which 82.5% are female headed. Females heading lone-parent households have a younger age profile than their male counterparts, with higher proportions aged less than 45 years. This pattern is consistent with Greater Melbourne and the other local government areas of the Eastern Metropolitan Region.

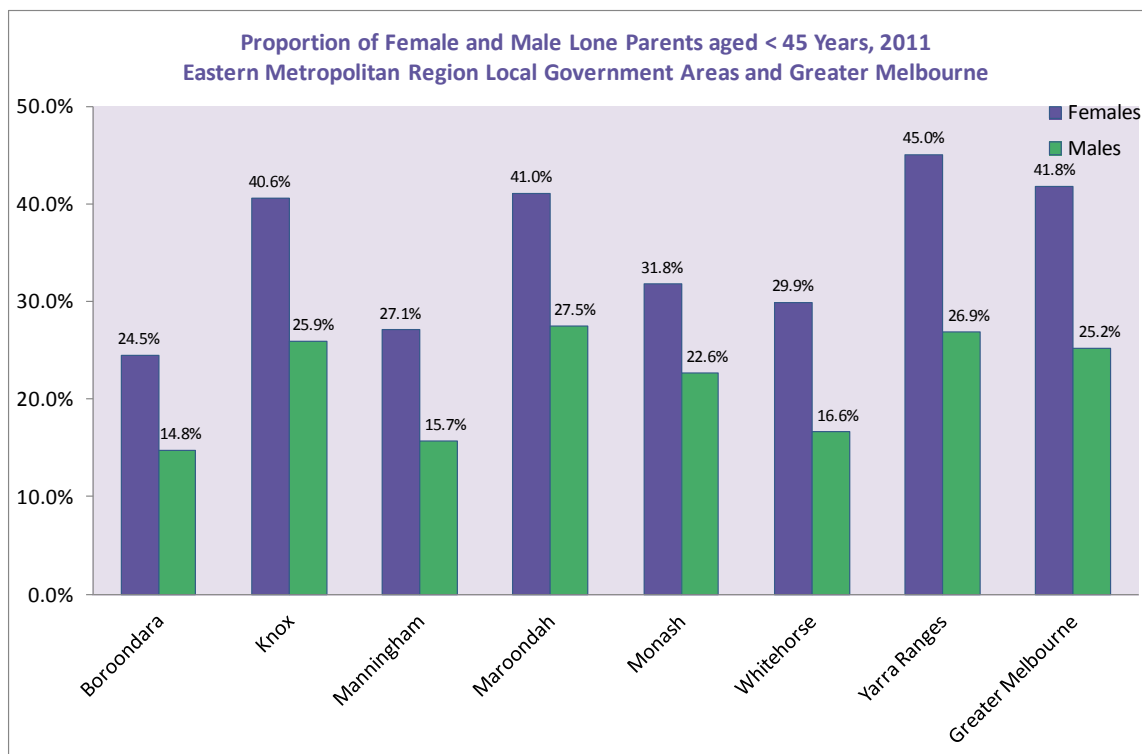
Families that are more likely to experience socio-economic disadvantage and be exposed to risks of poorer health and wellbeing are lone-parent families. Health planners must seek to understand and meet the

⁷ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on persons in occupied private dwellings.

⁸ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on persons in occupied private dwellings.

needs of women in lone parenting roles to ensure positive outcomes for those vulnerable to disadvantage and its health impacts.

	15–24 Yrs	25–34 Yrs	35–44 Yrs	45–54 Yrs	55–64 Yrs	65–74 Yrs	75–84 Yrs	85+ Yrs	Total No.
Females	0.9%	5.0%	21.2%	34.3%	18.0%	9.5%	7.7%	3.4%	3162
Males	1.2%	1.5%	13.0%	32.6%	25.9%	12.6%	9.1%	4.2%	669



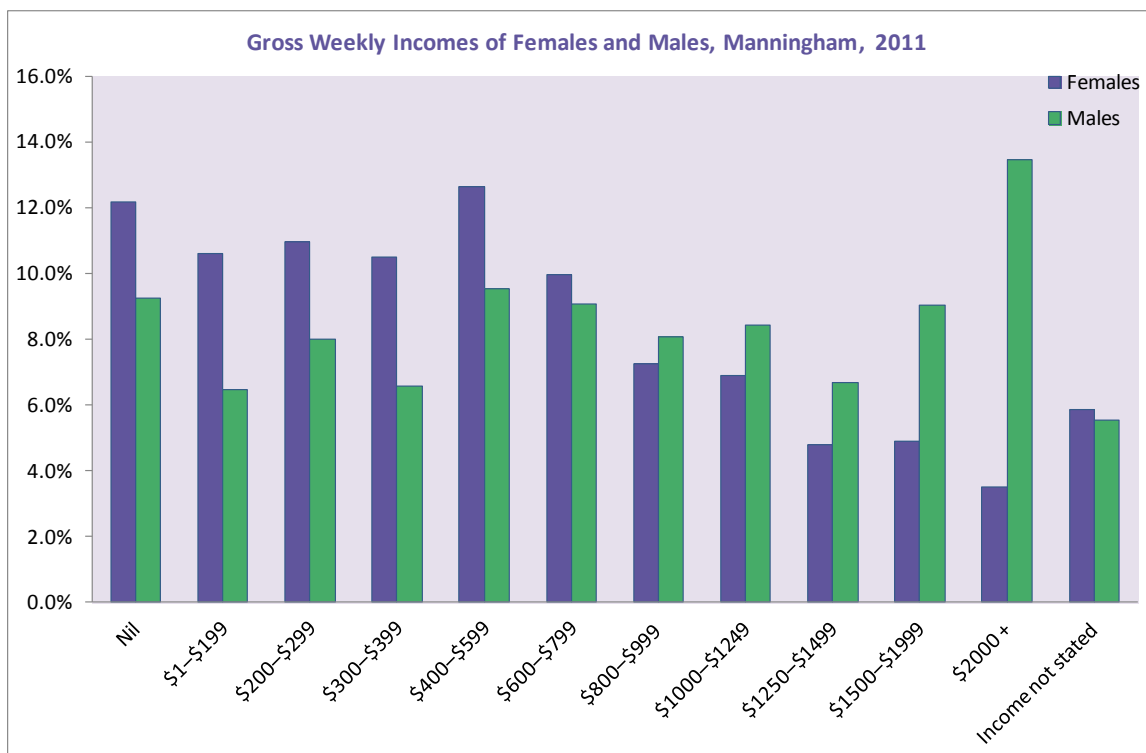
8. Individual income (2011)⁹

Weekly Income	Females	Males
Nil	12.2%	9.2%
\$1–\$199	10.6%	6.5%
\$200–\$299	11.0%	8.0%
\$300–\$399	10.5%	6.6%
\$400–\$599	12.6%	9.5%
\$600–\$799	10.0%	9.1%
\$800–\$999	7.2%	8.1%
\$1000–\$1249	6.9%	8.4%
\$1250–\$1499	4.8%	6.7%
\$1500–\$1999	4.9%	9.0%
\$2000 +	3.5%	13.5%
Not stated	5.8%	5.5%
Total	48439	44593

In Manningham, females are more represented in lower weekly income brackets and males are more represented in higher weekly income brackets. This difference in individual incomes has far-reaching consequences for women over their lifetime, particularly given their longer life expectancies. Women often reach later years in life with far less savings and smaller amounts of superannuation than men.

Since poverty is a strong predictor of poor health and wellbeing, women's income should be of significant concern for health planners today and into the future.

⁹ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on place of usual residence of persons aged 15 years and over.



9. Occupations and industries (2011)¹⁰

Occupation	Females	Males
Managers	10.6%	21.0%
Professionals	29.3%	26.3%
Technicians and trades	3.9%	17.9%
Community and personal services	11.7%	5.0%
Clerical and administrative	24.7%	7.5%
Sales	13.9%	9.0%
Machinery operators/drivers	0.8%	4.5%
Labourers	3.3%	6.6%
Not stated	1.7%	2.2%
Total	25060	28130

In Australia, occupations and industries are highly segregated along gender lines, with certain jobs (such as community services work) and industries (such as the education and training sector) dominated by women.

Working females in Manningham are more represented than males in occupations such as professional, community and personal services, clerical and administrative, and sales. Males are more represented than females in occupations such as managers,

technicians and trades, machinery operators/drivers,

and labourers. Working females in Manningham are more represented than males in industries such as retail trade, education and training, and health care and social assistance. Males are more represented than females in industries such as manufacturing, construction, wholesale trade, transport/postal/warehousing, information/media/telecommunications, and professional, scientific and technical services.

¹⁰ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on place of usual residence of employed persons aged 15 years and over.

Industry	Females	Males
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.2%	0.3%
Mining	0.1%	0.2%
Manufacturing	5.1%	10.4%
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	0.4%	1.0%
Construction	2.4%	12.1%
Wholesale trade	4.1%	6.8%
Retail trade	14.6%	10.5%
Accommodation and food services	6.6%	6.5%
Transport, postal and warehousing	1.6%	4.4%
Information media and telecommunications	1.7%	2.7%
Financial and insurance services	5.5%	5.8%
Rental, hiring and real estate services	1.9%	1.9%
Professional, scientific and technical services	9.2%	12.0%
Administrative and support services	3.0%	3.1%
Public administration and safety	4.4%	3.8%
Education and training	12.4%	4.7%
Health care and social assistance	19.3%	5.6%
Arts and recreation services	1.6%	1.7%
Other services	3.8%	4.1%
Inadequately described or not stated	2.3%	2.5%
Total	25058	28130

10. Unpaid domestic work (2011)¹¹

Hours per week	Females	Males
< 30	59.4%	63.1%
30+	16.5%	3.3%
None	18.3%	27.7%
Not stated	5.8%	5.9%
Total	48441	44593

In Manningham males are more likely than females to spend less than 30 hours each week on unpaid domestic work. Males are more likely than females to do no unpaid domestic work during the week. And females are much more likely than males to spend 30 hours or more on unpaid domestic work each week.

11. Assistance to person(s) with a disability (2011)¹²

Over a fortnight	Females	Males
Assistance given	14.2%	9.6%
Assistance not given	80.0%	84.6%
Not stated	5.8%	5.8%
Total	48439	44592

In Manningham, females are more likely than males to provide help to a family member and/or other person with a long-term disability/ illness over a fortnightly period. Males are more likely than females not to provide such assistance over a fortnight period.

¹¹ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on place of usual residence of persons aged 15 years and over.

¹² ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on place of usual residence of persons aged 15 years and over.

12. Care of dependent children (2011)¹³

Over a fortnight	Females	Males
Care given	31.2%	24.1%
Care not given	63.8%	70.7%
Not stated	5.1%	5.3%
Total	48439	44592

In Manningham, females are more likely than males to provide care to dependent children over a fortnight period. Males are more likely than females not to provide such care over a fortnight period.

13. Level of educational attainment (2011)¹⁴

In Manningham, females are more likely than males to have achieved a graduate diploma/certificate, bachelor degree, and advanced diploma/diploma as their highest level of education. Males are more likely than females to have achieved a postgraduate degree and certificate as their highest level of education.

Highest level of qualification	Females	Males
Postgraduate Degree	7.7%	10.4%
Grad Dip, Grad Cert	5.2%	3.2%
Bachelor Degree	36.5%	32.5%
Advanced Dip, Diploma	18.8%	14.7%
Certificate	15.0%	27.2%
Inadequately described	2.4%	1.6%
Not stated	14.4%	10.4%
Total	27114	27980

14. Family violence rates (2011–2012)¹⁵

Family violence has long-term health and wellbeing consequences for those affected by it. The experience of family violence has an impact on victims/survivors as well as perpetrators and others exposed to it (e.g. children). Studies show that women subjected to family violence are more likely than other women to experience low self esteem, anxiety, depression, suicidal thoughts and post traumatic stress disorder, and are at higher risk than other women of mental health disorders and physical health conditions.

Victoria Police compiles figures for family violence incidents (rate per 100,000 population). For 2011–2012, Manningham had a reported family violence incidents rate of 428.4 per 100,000.

Rate per 100,000 population	Family violence incidents	Where charges laid	Where children present	Where Intervention Order applied	Where Safety Notice issued	Intervention Order and Safety Notice
Boroondara	314.1	89.9	92.9	19.2	33.0	52.2
Knox	894.9	249.2	354.3	68.8	87.6	156.4
Manningham	428.4	152.2	143.6	45.3	51.3	96.6
Maroondah	673.9	168.0	280.9	59.7	76.5	136.3
Monash	519.2	105.6	146.7	54.5	42.1	96.6
Whitehorse	443.8	123.6	159.8	62.1	45.6	107.8
Yarra Ranges	718.0	203.0	285.7	59.2	84.0	143.2
Victoria	910.3	316.7	329.9	158.3	76.4	234.7

¹³ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on place of usual residence of persons aged 15 years and over.

¹⁴ ABS Census of Population and Housing *Basic Community Profile* Cat. No. 2001.0 2011, <http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/censushome.nsf/home/communityprofiles?opendocument&navpos=230>. Counts are based on place of usual residence.

¹⁵ Victoria Police, *Family Violence Incidents Report*, http://www.police.vic.gov.au/content.asp?Document_ID=782.

